

Date: 11 February 2019 REF: CCG/19/2019

TO: Mr. Khaled Abdulrazaq Al-Khaled

Boursa Kuwait Securities Company

Greetings,

According to chapter four (Disclosure of Material Information) of rulebook ten (Disclosure and Transparency) of CMA Executive Byelaws of Law No. 7/2010 and its amendments.

Please be informed that the Central Bank of Kuwait has approved the Bank's Financial Statements for the year ended 31/12/2018, including the recommendations of the Bank's Board of Directors to make the following distributions after the approval of regulators and general assembly:

- Distribution of cash dividend of 20% of the nominal value of shares (20 Fils for each 1 1) Share).
- Distribution of bonus shares of 10% of the issued and paid capital (10 Shares for each 100 2) Shares).

Kindly find attached Disclosure of Material Information Form and the Annual Financial Statements Disclosures Form for the year 2018, along with a copy of the External Auditors report.

Best regards,

Tamim Khaled Al Meaan GM, Compliance & CG

Copy to:

CMA / Manager, Disclosure Department

NOTE: This is a translation of the original for and binding Arabic text. In case of any difference between the Arabic and the English text, the Arabic text will be prevailing.

TRANSTATION

Annex (11)

Disclosure of Material Information Form

Date	11 February 2018		
Name of the Listed Company	Commercial Bank of Kuwait (K.P.S.C)		
Material Information	Disclosure of the Bank's Financial Results for the year ended 31/12/2018.		
Significant Effect of the material information on the financial position of the company	The Bank achieves net profit of 63,751,000 KD and tearnings per share are 35.4 Fils.		
	 The Bank's Board of Directors has recommended to make the following distributions after the approval of regulators and general assembly: 1) Distribution of cash dividend of 20% of the nominal value of shares (20 Fils for each 1 Share). 2) Distribution of bonus shares of 10% of the issued and paid capital (10 Shares for each 100 Shares). 		

Significant Effect on the financial position shall be mentioned if the material information can measure that effect, excluding the financial effect resulting from tenders or similar contracts.

If a Listed Company, which is a member of a Group, disclosed some material information related to it and has Significant Effect on other listed companies' which are members of the same Group, the other companies' disclosure obligations are limited to disclosing the information and the financial effect occurring to that company itself.

NOTE: This is a translation of the original for and binding Arabic text. In case of any difference between the Arabic and the English text, the Arabic text will be prevailing.



Annual Financial Statement Results Form Kuwaiti Company(KWD)

نموذج نتائج البيانات المالية السنوية الشركات الكويتية (دك.)

Financial Year Ended on 31/12/2018

Company Name	اسم الشركة	
Commercial Bank of Kuwait	البنك التجارى الكويتى تاريخ اجتماع مجلس الإدارة	
Board of Directors Meeting Date		
Sunday 13/01/2019	الأحد ٢٠١٩/٠١/١٣ عد	

البيان	السنة الحالية	السنة المقارنة	التغيير (%)
Statement	Current Year	Comparative Year	Change (%)
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
صافي الربح/الخسارة الخاص بمساهمي الشركة الأم Net Profit (Loss) represents the amount attributable to the owners of the parent Company	63,751,000	55,432,000	15.0%
ربحية/خسارة السهم الأساسية والمخففة (فلس) Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (fils)	35.4	30.8	14.9%
الموجودات المتداولة Current Assets	3,278,353,000	3,176,380,000	3.2%
إجمالي الموجودات Total Assets	4,467,545,000	4,394,586,000	1.7%
المطلوبات المتداولة Current Liabilities	3,308,930,000	3,295,983,000	0.4%
إجمالي المطلوبات Total Liabilities	3,737,688,000	3,739,566,000	(0.1%)
إجمالي حقوق الملكيةالخاصة بمساهمي الشركة الأم Total Equity attributable to the owners of the Parent Company	729,024,000	654,192,000	11.4%
بمالي الإيرادات التشغيلية Total Operating Revenue	150,927,000	150,948,000	(0.0%)
صافي الربح (الخسارة) التشغيلية Net Operating Profit (Loss)	106,060,000	104,374,000	1.6%
أرباح (خسائر) مرحلة/ رأس المال المدفوع Retained Profit (Loss)/ Paid-Up Share Capital	%101.7	%106.1	(4.4%)



	الربع الرابع الحالي	الربع الرابع المقارن	(0() *##
البيان	Fourth Quarter	Fourth Quarter	التغيير (%)
Statement	Current Period	Comparative Period	01 (04)
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	Change (%)
صافي الربح/الخسارة الخاص بمساهمي الشركة الأم Net Profit (Loss) represents the amount attributable to the owners of the parent Company	48,519,000	40,993,000	18.4%
ربحية/خسارة السهم الأساسية والمخففة (فلس) Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (fils)	27.0	22.8	18.4%
إجمالي الإيرادات التشغيلية Total Operating Revenue	36,771,000	40,071,000	(8.2%)
صافي الربح (الخسارة) التشغيلية (Net Operating Profit (Loss	24,573,000	29,421,000	(16.5%)

Increase/Decrease in Net Profit/(Loss) is due to	سبب ارتفاع/انخفاض صافي الربح/الخسارة
Net profit for the year ended 31 st December 2018 higher by KD 8,319,000 as compared to the corresponding year ended 31 st December 2017 mainly due to increase in fees & commissions, net gain from dealing in foreign currencies, and decrease in impairment and other provisions which has partially offset by decrease in net income from investment securities.	زيادة صافي الأرباح للسنة المنتهية في 31 ديسمبر 2018 بمبلغ 8,319,000 دينار كويتي مقارنة بالسنة المنتهية في 31 ديسمبر 2017 . ويعود السبب الرئيسي في ذلك إلى زيادة الأتعاب والعمولات وزيادة صافى الإيرادات من التعامل بالعملات الأجنبية وانخفاض مخصصات هبوط القيمة والمخصصات الأخرى والتي عوضت بشكل جزئي انخفاض صافي الإيرادات الناتجة عن الاستثمارات في أوراق مالية.
Total Revenue realized from dealing with related parties (value, KWD)	بلغ إجمالي الايرادات من التعاملات مع الأطراف ذات الصلة (المبلغ د.ك.)
KD 25,945	۵.۵ ۲0,9 ٤٥
Total Expenditures incurred from dealing with related parties (value, KWD)	بلغ إجمالي المصروفات من التعاملات مع الأطراف ذات الصلة (المبلغ د.ك.)
KD 6,938	ತ್ತು ٦,٩٣٨



Corporate Actions		لمؤسسية)	استحقاقات الأسهم (الإجراءات ا
النسبة	القيمة		
20 Fils	KD 35,975,753/5	20	توزیعات نقدیة Cash Dividend
10%	KD 18,109,604/10	00	توزیعات أسهم منحة مجانیة Stock Dividend
– ****	لا يوجد/ None		توزیعات آخر <i>ی</i> Other Dividend
			عدم توزیع ارباح No Dividends
	L. Mr. N.		زيادة رأس المال
	علاوة الإصدار Issue Premium	لا يوجد/ None	Capital Increase
			تخفیض رأس المال Capital Decrease

الاسم الم Name
إلهام يسرى محفوظ رئيس

[•] Auditor Report Attached

[•] مرفق تقرير مراقب الحسابات

Deloitte & Touche Al-Wazzan & Co.

Ahmed Al-Jaber Street, Sharq Dar Al-Awadi Complex, Floors 7 & 9 P.O. Box 20174, Safat 13062 Kuwait

Tel: + 965 22408844, 22438060 Fax: + 965 22408855, 22452080

www.deloitte.com



Arraya Tower 2, Floors 41 & 42 Abdulaziz Hamad Alsaqar St., Sharq P.O. Box 2115, Safat 13022, State of Kuwait

> T +965 22961000 F +965 22412761 www.rsm.global/kuwait

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COMMERCIAL BANK OF KUWAIT K.P.S.C.

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Commercial Bank of Kuwait K.P.S.C. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted for use by the State of Kuwait.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities, under those standards, are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each key audit matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COMMERCIAL BANK OF KUWAIT K.P.S.C. (continued)

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) Key Audit Matters (continued)

We have identified the following key audit matters:

a) Impairment of loans and advances

The recognition of credit losses on loans and advances to customers is the higher of Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") under International Financial Reporting Standard 9: Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9"), determined in accordance with Central Bank of Kuwait (the "CBK") guidelines, and the provision required by the CBK rules on classification of credit facilities and calculation of their provision ("the CBK rules") as disclosed in the accounting policies to the consolidated financial statements.

Recognition of ECL under IFRS 9, determined in accordance with CBK guidelines, is a new and complex accounting policy, which requires considerable judgement in its implementation. ECL is dependent on management's judgement in assessing significant increase in credit risk and classification of credit facilities into various stages, determining when a default has occurred, development of models for assessing the probability of default of customers and estimating cash flows from recovery procedures or realization of collateral. Recognition of specific provision on impaired facility under the CBK rules is based on the instructions by CBK on the minimum provision to be recognized together with any additional provision to be recognised based on management estimate of expected cash flows related to that credit facility.

Due to the significance of credit facilities and the related estimation uncertainty and judgement in the impairment calculation, this was considered as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures included assessing the design and implementation of controls over inputs and assumptions used by the Group in developing the models, its governance and review controls performed by the management in determining the adequacy of credit losses.

With respect to the ECL based on IFRS 9, determined in accordance with the CBK guidelines, we have selected samples of credit facilities outstanding as at the reporting date and checked the appropriateness of the Group's determination of significant increase in credit risk and the resultant basis for classification of the credit facilities into various stages. For a sample of credit facilities, we have checked the appropriateness of the Group's staging criteria, Exposure at Default ("EAD") Probability of Default ("PD") and Loss Given Default ("LGD") including the eligibility and value of collateral considered in the ECL models used by the Group to determine ECL. We have also checked the consistency of various inputs and assumptions used by the Group's management to determine ECL.

Further, for the CBK rules provision requirements, we have assessed the criteria for determining whether there is a requirement to calculate any credit loss in accordance with the related regulations and, if required, it has been computed accordingly. For the samples selected, we have verified whether all impairment events have been identified by the Group's management. For the selected samples which also included impaired credit facilities, we have assessed the valuation of collateral and checked the resultant provision calculations.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COMMERCIAL BANK OF KUWAIT K.P.S.C. (continued)

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Other information included in the Annual Report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information consists of the information included in the Group's 2018 Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

We obtained the report of the Bank's Board of Directors, prior to the date of our auditors' report, and we expect to obtain the remaining sections of the Annual Report after the date of our auditors' report.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted for use by the State of Kuwait, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COMMERCIAL BANK OF KUWAIT K.P.S.C. (continued)

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists, related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COMMERCIAL BANK OF KUWAIT K.P.S.C. (continued)

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

From the matters communicated to those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Furthermore, in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Bank and the consolidated financial statements, together with the contents of the report of the Bank's Board of Directors relating to these consolidated financial statements, are in accordance therewith. We further report that we obtained all the information and explanations that we required for the purpose of our audit and that the consolidated financial statements incorporate all information that is required by the Capital Adequacy Regulations and Financial Leverage Ratio Regulations issued by the Central Bank of Kuwait ("CBK") as stipulated in CBK Circular Nos. 2/RB, RBA/336/2014 dated 24 June 2014 and 2/BS/342/2014 dated 21 October 2014 respectively, the Companies Law No 1 of 2016, as amended, its executive regulations; and by the Bank's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, that an inventory was duly carried out and that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no violations of the Capital Adequacy Regulations and Financial Leverage Ratio Regulations issued by the CBK as stipulated in CBK Circular Nos. 2/RB, RBA /336/2014 dated 24 June 2014 and 2/BS/342/2014 dated 21 October 2014 respectively, the Companies Law No 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations; or of the Bank's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, have occurred during the year ended 31 December 2018 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Bank or on its financial position.

We further report that, during the course of our audit, we have not become aware of any violations of the provisions of Law No. 32 of 1968, as amended, concerning currency, the CBK and the organisation of banking business, and its related regulations during the year ended 31 December 2018 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Bank or on its financial position.

Talal Y. Al-Muzaini License No. 209 A Deloitte & Touche Al-Wazzan & Co.

13 January 2019 Kuwait Nayef M. Al-Bazie License No. 91A RSM Albazie & Co.



۱۱ فبرایــــر ۲۰۱۹	التاريخ:
V { V / \ · o / Y	الاشارة :

الأخ الفاضل الشيخ أحمد دعيج جابر الصباح المحترم رئيس مجلس إدارة البنك التجاري الكويتي

تحية طيبة وبعد ،

بالإشارة إلى كتابكم المؤرخ ٢٠١٩/١٤ المرفق به نسخة من البيانات المالية الختامية المجمعة لمصرفكم لعام ٢٠١٨ ، وعطفاً على الايضاحات والبيانات الواردة إلينا في هذا الخصوص التي كان آخرها بتاريخ ٢٠١٩/٢/١٠ .

أود الإفادة بأنه بناءً على ما انتهت إليه دراسة البيانات المشار إليها ، فإنه لا يوجد لدينا ملاحظات في هذا الشأن ، كما نفيدكم بموافقة بنك الكويت المركزي على قيام مصرفكم بتوزيع أرباح نقدية بنسبة ، ٢% من القيمة الإسمية للسهم الواحد، أي بواقع عشرين فلسأ لكل سهم ، وكذلك بتوزيع أسهم منحة بنسبة ، ١%.

وبناءً على ما تقدم ، فإنه يمكن لمصرفكم اتخاذ الإجراءات اللازمة مع الجهات المختصة لعقد الجمعية العامة للبنك .

مع أطيب التحيات ،،،

وسف جاسم العبيد

٨٤٧- نسخة لهيئة أسواق المال .

٧٤٩ نسخة لبورصة الكويت .